EPA Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics Chemical Control Division, New Chemicals Notice Management Branch STATUS REPORT: TSCA BIOTECHNOLOGY SUBMISSIONS

STATUS REPORT for FISCAL YEARS 87-97:

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

| CONTAINED APPLICATIONS | 32 STRAINS |
|----------------------------------|-------------|
| ENVIRONMENTAL INTRODUCTIONS | 27 STRAINS* |
| NOTICES OF COMMENCEMENT RECEIVED | 30 STRAINS |
| WITHDRAWN | 8 STRAINS |

*Note: 11 strains tested at multiple sites over multiple years.

Fiscal Year 87

| Submission | Chronology of Events | Major Issues |
|---|--|---|
| BioTechnica International, Inc. (BTI) o P87-0568 through P87-0570 | o Feb.'87 - Submitted | o Environmental use |
| o <u>Rhizobium meliloti</u> engineered for yield enhancement in alfalfa o Notice of Receipt 52 FR 5333 (February 20, 1987) | o Mar.'88 - 5(e) Consent Order issued o Apr.'88 - Inoculated alfalfa planted in a field test in Pepin County, Wisconsin o Aug.'88 - BTI requested modifications to the protocols o Sept.'88 - Field test terminated | Development of field protocols Detection at field site using antibiotic resistance |
| International Minerals and Chemical | | |
| Co. (IMC) | | o Used in a fermentation system to |
| o P87-0693 | o Feb.'87 - Submitted | produce a growth hormone which |
| o <u>Escherichia coli</u> engineered to contain human gene for insulin-like growth hormone | o May '87 - Review completed; Agency took no regulatory actiono May 26, '87 - Agency received Notice of | was used as a component of the cell culture media |
| o Notice of Receipt 52 FR 8962 (March 20, 1987) | Commencement | |

| Submission Company Name Confidential | | Chronology of Events | | | Major Issues |
|---------------------------------------|---|----------------------|---|-----|---|
| | | | | | |
| 0 0 | P87-1030 <u>Bacillus subtilis</u> engineered for enhanced production of the enzyme protease which is used in a commercial product (which is CBI) Notice of Receipt 52 FR 23496 (June 22, 1987) | 0 0 | May '87 - Submitted July '87 - Review completed; Agency took no regulatory action Aug.'87 - Agency received Notice of Commencement | 0 0 | Used in fermentation system Name and kind of product are confidential |
| M | onsanto Agricultural Company | | | | |
| 0 0 | P87-1292 Strain of <u>Pseudomonas aureofaciens</u> engineered to contain genes from <u>Escherichia coli</u> Notice of Receipt 52 FR 24527 (July 1, 1987) | 0 0 0 0 | June '87 - Submitted Aug. '87 - Meeting of Biotechnology Science Advisory Committee Oct. '87 - 5(e) Consent Order signed Nov. '87 - Field test initiated in S.C. Mar. '88 - Monsanto requested, and was granted, a 5(e) modification which allowed additional field tests of the PMN microorganism at the same site. Aug. '88 - Monsanto requested, and was granted, a 5(e) modification of protocols | 0 0 | Environmental use Added genes provide a "marker" system to enhance capability for monitoring the microorganism under field conditions |

Submission Chronology of Events Major Issues Gist-Brocades

- o P87-1511
- o <u>Bacillus licheniformis</u> engineered for enhanced production of an enzyme, hydrolase
- o Notice of Receipt 52 FR 30431 (August 14, 1987)

- o July '87 Submitted
- o Oct. '87 Review completed. Agency took no regulatory action
- o Mar. 14,'87 Agency received Notice of Commencement
- o Used in fermentation system
- o Kind and name of product are confidential

Submission Chronology of Events Major Issues BioTechnica Agriculture, Inc (BTA) Environmental use P88-1115 through P88-1122 March '88 - submitted Eight strains of nitrogen-fixing June '88 - Agency Risk Assessment sent to Proposed Pepin County, Wisconsin Rhizobium meliloti genetically outside experts for review field test was to evaluate the engineered to contain antibiotic o August '88 - 5(e) Consent Order received

EPA concurrence and was sent to BTA for

signature; BTA held the 5(e) Consent

Order for signature while revising the

monitoring protocols Jan.'89 - Five strains withdrawn from review, P88-1115, 1117, 1119, 1121, and 1122

resistance

27, 1988)

Notice of Receipt 53 FR 15130 (April

- o May 19, '89 5(e) Consent Order was signed and field test protocols approved for P88-1116, P88-1118, and P88-1120
- o April 20, '90 Field test for P88-1118 with P89-0280 & P90-0339 in Wisconsin
- o April 28, '92 Field test for P88-1116 and P88-1118, with P89-280 and P92-0399 through P92-0403

competitiveness of the new strains and test different methods of application to alfalfa seeds

Submission Chronology of Events Major Issues International Bio-Synthetics

- o P88-1153
- o Strain of <u>Bacillus</u>, (alcalophilic strain), engineered for enhanced production of an enzyme, protease
- o Notice of Receipt 53 FR 15463 (April 29, 1988)
- o April '88 Submitted
- o July '88 Review completed. Agency took no regulatory action
- o Nov. '88 Agency received Notice of Commencement
- o Used in fermentation system
- o Kind and name of product are confidential

BioTechnica Agriculture, Inc. (BTA)

- o P88-1275 through P88-1278
- o Four strains of nitrogen-fixing

 <u>Bradyrhizobium japonicum</u> genetically
 engineered to contain antibiotic
 resistance
- o Notice of Receipt 53 FR 19030 (May 26, 1988)
- o No 1988 field test was conducted
- o P88-1275 and P88-1277 were field tested with P89-0340 and P89-0341 in Louisiana (1989) and Wisconsin (1990)
- o For additional information, see entry for BioTechnica Agriculture for P89-0340 and P89-0341 (FY 89), and Research Seeds, Inc., for P88-1275, P88-1277, P89-0340, and P89-0341

- o May '88 Submitted
- o July 14,'88 Meeting of BSAC Subcommittee
- o Aug. '88 suspension of review for Agency to develop 5(e) Consent Order and for BTA to conduct requested testing for soybean growth and background antibiotic resistance
- Nov. '88 Company informed Agency of plans to change site of field test from Pepin County, Wisc. and Henry County, Iowa to East Baton Rouge Parish, LA
- o Feb. '90 Two of the four strains were withdrawn from further review (P88-1276 and 1278); remaining strains (P88-1275 and 1277) were field tested with P89-0340 and P89-0341
- Mar. 14, '94 company requested modification to conduct small-scale field tests of P88-1275 & 1277 and P89-0340 and P89-0341, at two additional sites in Wisconsin
- June 9, '94 5(e) Consent Order modification signed

- o Environmental use
- Field tests were to evaluate the competitiveness of the new strains and evaluate methods of application of the microorganisms to soybean seeds

| | Submission | | Chronology of Events | | Major Issues |
|----|--|---|---|---|---|
| No | ovo Biochemical Industries, Inc. | | | | |
| 0 | P89-0134 Strain of <u>Aspergillus oryzae</u> engineered | 0 | Nov. 30, '88 - Submitted Feb.'89 - Review completed. Agency took | 0 | Used in fermentation system Lipase to be used primarily in |
| U | for enhanced production of a lipase | 0 | no regulatory action Nov. 4, 1992 - Notice of Commencement | U | detergent formulations for the removal of fat-containing stains |
| 0 | Notice of Receipt 53 FR 51136 (December 20, 1988) | U | received | | removar or rat-containing stains |
| Er | nzyme Bio-Systems | | | | |
| o | P89-0227 | o | Dec.'88 - Submitted | О | Used in fermentation system |
| O | Strain of <u>Bacillus subtilis</u> engineered | О | March '89 - Review completed. Agency | O | Amylase to be used primarily in |
| | for enhanced production of an alpha amylase enzyme | O | took no regulatory action April '89 - Agency received Notice of | | ethanol production |
| О | Notice of Receipt 54 FR 1233 (January 12, 1989) | J | Commencement | | |

Submission Chronology of Events Major Issues BioTechnica Agriculture, Inc (BTA)

- o P89-0280
- o Strain of <u>Rhizobium meliloti</u> genetically engineered to contain antibiotic resistance and other genes to enhance nitrogen-fixing ability
- o Notice of Receipt 54 FR 6959 (February 15, 1989)
- o Field tests in Wisconsin (1989-1990) with P88-1116, P88-1118, and P88-1120
- o Field tests in Wisconsin with P88-1118 and P90-0339, during 1990

- o Jan. 23,'89 -Submitted
- o May 19,'89 Consent Order signed
- o May 24,'89 Field test initiated
- o Oct. 24,'89 protocol modification
- o April 20,'90 Consent Order modification allowed two additional tests with P88-1118 and P90-0339
- o April 28, '92 Field test of P89-0280 with P88-1116, P88-1118, and P92-0399 through P92-0403

- o Environmental use
- o Dane County, Wisconsin test site

| Submission | Chronology of Events | Major Issues |
|--|--|--|
| BioTechnica Agriculture, Inc. (BTA) | | |
| P89-0340 and P89-0341 Two strains of <u>Bradyrhizobium</u> japonicum genetically engineered to contain antibiotic resistance and other genes to enhance nitrogen-fixing ability Notice of Receipt 54 FR 7879 (February 23, 1989) For additional information, see entry for BioTechnica Agriculture for P88-1275 through P88-1278 (FY 88), and Research Seeds, Inc, for P89-0340 and P89-0341 during FY 94 | o Feb. 3, '89 - submitted as P89-0340/0341 and P88-1275/1277 o June 2, '89 - Agency review completed; 5(e) Consent Order signed and field test protocols approved o June 17, '89 - Field test initiated in East Baton Rouge Parish, LA o May 25, '90 - Consent Order modified to include new protocol for field test in Dane County (Sun Prairie) Wisconsin o May 30,'90 - Wisconsin field test initiated o June 25,'90 - Protocol modification allowed BTA to re-start the Wisconsin test " Feb. '91 - Project purchased from BTA by Research Seeds, Inc. " Mar. 14, '94 - Research Seeds, Inc. requested a modification to conduct additional small-scale field tests of P89-0340 and P89-0341, along with P88-1275 and P88-1277 at two additional sites in Wisconsin " June 9, '94 - 5(e) Consent Order modification signed | Environmental use Field test will evaluate soybean yield and strain competition |

Major Issues

Novo Biochemical Industries, Inc. P89-1071 Sept. 8 '89 - Submitted Used in fermentation system Strain of Bacillus licheniformis selfo Dec. 6 '89 - Review completed. Agency Alpha amylase to be used in cloned by rDNA techniques for took no regulatory action dishwashing and laundry detergent enhanced production of an enzyme, Jan. 24, 1991 - Notice of Commencement formulations for the breakdown of (NOC) received starch: also to be used in textile alpha amylase Notice of Receipt 54 FR 39812 industry for desizing of textiles prior (September 28, 1989) to dyeing **BioTechnica Agriculture, Inc. (BTA)** P90-0339 Jan. 10 '90 - Submitted Environmental use Strain of Rhizobium meliloti o April 20 '90 - Consent Order signed Dane County, Hampden Township, engineered to contain antibiotic allowing field tests at two sites in and Columbia County, Wisconsin, resistance and genes to enhance Wisconsin with P88-1118 and P89-0280 field test sites

Chronology of Events

Submission

nitrogen fixation

(February 26, 1990)

Notice of Receipt 55 FR 6682

Genencor International, Inc.

- o P91-1154
- o Asporogenic strain of <u>Bacillus subtilis</u> modified to contain an antibiotic resistance gene from <u>Staphylococcus</u> <u>aureus</u>, and a lipase enzyme gene from a (confidential) intergeneric microorganism
- o Notice of Receipt 56 FR 32429 (July 16, 1991)

- o June 21,'91 Submitted
- o Sept. 3,'91 Review completed. Agency took no regulatory action
- o Nov. 4, 1992 Notice of Commencement (NOC) received
- o Used in fermentation system
- o Used for enhanced production of a lipase enzyme which is added primarily to heavy duty detergents
- o Antibiotic resistance "marker" gene provides monitoring capability

| Submission | Chronology of Events | Major Issues |
|----------------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| | | |
| Mycogen Corporation | | |

o Test Marketing Exemptions (TMEs)

T91-0019 and T91-0020

- o <u>Pseudomonas fluorescens</u> genetically modified to contain delta endotoxin from <u>Bacillus thuringiensis</u> (<u>B.t.</u>) variety <u>kurstaki</u> (for T91-0019) and variety <u>san diego</u> (for T91-0020)
- o Notice of Receipt 56 FR 26410, (June 7,1991)
- o For additional information, see entry for Mycogen Corporation, for P92-0244 through P92-0251 and P92-0545 through P92-0552 during FY 92 & 94

- o May 22, '91 submitted
- o July 8, '91 Notice of approval for limited production until March l, 1992 (56 FR 30923)
- o Nov.25, 1991 Follow-up PMNs P92-0244 and 0248 received
- o February 27,1992 TME extended until April 22,1992 (57 FR 6722)
- o May 15,1992 TME extended until July 21,1992 (57 FR 20828)
- o July 28,1992 TME extended until October 19,1992 (57 FR 33350)
- o October 26,1992 TME extended until March l, 1993 (57 FR 48522)

- Used in fermentation system
- o The <u>Pseudomonas fluorescens</u> are killed, resulting in <u>B.t.</u> toxin crystals encapsulated by the dead <u>P</u>. <u>fluorescens</u>. The PMN microorganisms are therefore pesticide intermediates. The end use pesticides are used to control beetle and caterpillar pests

| Submission | Chronology of Events | Major Issues |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Novo Nordisk Bioindustries, Inc. | | |
| o P92-0050 | o Oct. 7, 1991 submitted | o Used in fermentation system |

- o A sporulation deficient strain of <u>Bacillus licheniformis</u> modified to contain <u>alpha</u>-amylase enzyme from a strain of <u>Bacillus stearothermaphilus</u>, and antibiotic resistance genes
- o Notice of Receipt 56 FR 56216 (November 1, 1991)

- o December 17, 1991 Review completed. Agency took no action
- o Aug. 27, 1992 Notice of Commencement (NOC) received
- o Used for enhanced production of alpha- amylase enzyme which is used in the starch, detergent and textile industries

| Submission | Chronology of Events | Major Issues |
|---|--|---|
| Mycogen Corporation | | |
| P92-0244 through P92-0251 and P92-0545 through P92-0552 Sixteen strains of Pseudomonas fluorescens genetically modified to contain delta endotoxin from Bacillus thuringiensis (B.t.) variety kurstaki (P92-0244 thru 0247, and P92-0545 through 0548) and variety san diego (P92-0248 through P92-0251, and P92-0549 through P92-552) Two of the P. fluorescens strains, P92-0244 and P92-0248, were the subject of TMEs T91-0019 and T91-0020 Notice of Receipt 56 FR 65254 (December 15, 1991) For additional information, see entry for Mycogen Corporation, for T91-0019 and T91-0020 in FY 91, P92-0244 through P92-0251 and P92-0545 through P92-0552 during FY 94 | Nov. 25, '91 submitted Jan. 30'92 - Review period extended thru April 22, '92 (57 FR 6722 (Feb. 27, '92)) April 20, '92 - Review period extended until July 21, '92 (57 FR 20828 (May 15, '92)) July 20, '92 - Review period extended until October 19, 1992 (57 FR 33350 (July 28, 1992)) October 15, '92 - Review period extended until March 1, 1993 (57 FR 48522 (Oct. 26, 1992)) May 5, '92 - Submission of cell kill protocol May 18, '92 - Approval of cell kill protocol Aug. 14, '92 - Submission of cell kill data Oct. 27, '92 - Approval of cell kill data April 27, '93 - C.O. effective Oct. 5, '93 - Notice of Commencement received Sept. '94 - Company requests approval for new contract manufacturer site, and | o Used in a fermentation system o The Pseudomonas fluorescens are killed, resulting in B.t. toxin crystals encapsulated by the dead P. fluorescens. The PMN microorganisms are therefore pesticide intermediates. The end use pesticides control beetle and caterpillar pests |
| | process change o Feb. '95 - C.O. modification and Contract Manufacturer Order signed | |

| Submission | Chronology of Events | Major Issues | | | |
|------------|----------------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | | |

Research Seeds, Inc.

- o P92-0399 through 0403
- o Five strains of <u>Rhizobium meliloti</u> genetically engineered to contain antibiotic resistance and other genes to enhance nitrogen-fixing ability
- o Propose field tests which will include P88- 1116, P88-1118 and P89-0280
- o Notice of Receipt 57 FR 4754 (February 7, 1992)
- o For additional information, see Research Seeds, Inc., entries for P92-0399 through P92-0403 during FY 93, FY 94, FY 95, and FY 97, and University of Wisconsin/USEPA Office of Research & Development entry for FY95

- o Project purchased from BioTechnica International, Inc. in 1991
- o Jan. 14, '92 Submitted
- o April 28, '92 C.O. & Modification signed
- o July 13, '92 C.O. Modification authorizing replanting at the Marshfield site in Wisconsin; original test plot flooded
- o Jan. '96 Field trials terminated
- September '97, Consent Order allowing limited commercialization of P92-0403 signed
- o Nov. 19, 1997 Notice of Commencement (NOC) received for P92-0403

- o Environmental use
- Proposed field tests are to be conducted at four University of Wisconsin Research Stations
- Proposed field tests are to test effectiveness of strains in nodulating alfalfa roots, and determine effects on yield
- "September '97 Consent Order allows commercialization of P92-0403 with a Significant New Use Notice when production volume reaches 500,000 pounds in any 12 month period

| Submission | Submission Chronology of Events | |
|--|--|---|
| Novo Nordisk Bioindustries, Inc. | | |
| P92-0605 A sporulation deficient strain of <u>Bacillus</u> genetically modified to contain genes to enhance production of subtilisin enzyme Notice of Receipt 57 FR 10017 (March 23, 1992) | o Feb. 28, '92 - Date submitted o April 28, 1992 - Review completed. | o Used in a fermentation system for enhanced production of subtilisin protease enzymes which are used in detergents |

Submission Chronology of Events Major Issues No new biotechnology PMNs were reviewed: however reviews were conducted on requests for Consent Order Modifications Research Seeds, Inc. P92-0399 through 0403 o Project purchased from BioTechnica Environmental use Five strains of Rhizobium meliloti International, Inc., in 1991 Proposed field tests are to test genetically engineered to contain o Mar. 12. '93 - Receipt of request to effectiveness of strains in nodulating antibiotic resistance and other genes to conduct additional field tests in 1993 alfalfa roots, and effects on yield enhance nitrogen-fixing ability o May 19, '93 - Agency received a request to Test marketing large scale field trials For additional information, see test market limited quantities of for RMBPC-2 (P92-0403) Research Seeds, Inc., entries for P92-Rhizobium meliloti, RMBPC-2 (P92-September '97 Consent Order allows commercialization of P92-0403 with a 0399 through P92-0403 during FY 92, 0403) FY 94, FY 95, and FY 97, and o June 18, '93 - C.O. Modification Significant New Use Notice when University of Wisconsin/USEPA production volume reaches 500,000 approved, allowing additional field tests Office of Research & Development for '93 growing season at five sites in pounds in any 12 month period Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Missouri entry for FY95 Jan. '96 - Field trials in Wisconsin. Minnesota, and Missouri terminated. o September '97, Consent Order allowing limited commercialization of P92-0403 signed o Nov. 19, 1997 - Notice of Commencement

(NOC) received for P92-0403

pesticide intermediates. The end use

pesticides control beetle and

caterpillar pests

| | Submission | | Chronology of Events | | Major Issues |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|
| R | esearch Seeds, Inc. | | | | |
| 0 | P88-1275, P88-1277, P89-0340, and P89-0341 | 0 | Project purchased from BioTechnica International, Inc., in 1991 | 0 | Environmental use Field tests were to evaluate the |
| 0 | Strains of nitrogen-fixing Bradyrhizobium japonicum genetically engineered to contain antibiotic resistance | 0 | Mar. 14, '94 - Research Seeds requested a Modification to field test P88-1275 & P88-1277 along with P89-0340 and P89-0341 at two additional sites in Wisconsin | | effectiveness of the strains in nodulating soybean roots, and effects on yield |
| 0 | For additional background information, see entries for BioTechnica Agriculture, Inc., for P88-1275 through P88-1278 during FY 88 and P89-0340 and P89-0341 during FY 89 | 0 | June 9, '94 - 5(e) C.O. Modification signed Dec. '94 - Field trials terminated | | |
| M | ycogen Corporation | | | | |
| O | P92-0244 through P92-0251 and P92-0545 through P92-0552 | 0 | Oct. 5, 1993 - Notice of Commencement (NOC) received | 0 | Used in a fermentation system The <u>Pseudomonas fluorescens</u> are |
| 0 | Strains of <u>Pseudomonas fluorescens</u> genetically modified to contain delta endotoxin from <u>Bacillus thuringiensis</u> For additional information, see entry | 0 | Sept. '94 - Company requests approval for new contract manufacturer site, and process change Feb. '95 - C.O. Modification and Contract | | killed, resulting in <u>B.t.</u> toxin crystals encapsulated by the dead <u>P</u> . <u>fluorescens</u> . The PMN microorganisms are therefore |
| U | i or additional information, see that y | U | 1 co. 75 C.O. Modification and Contract | | incroorganisms are increme |

Manufacturer Order signed

for Mycogen Corporation for P92-

through P92-0552 during FY 92

0244 through P92-0251 and P92-0545

Submission Chronology of Events Major Issues Research Seeds, Inc. Environmental use P92-0399 through 0403 Project purchased from BioTechnica Five strains of Rhizobium meliloti International, Inc., in 1991 Proposed field tests are to test genetically engineered to contain o May 19, '93 - Agency received a request effectiveness of strains in nodulating antibiotic resistance and other genes to to test market limited quantities of alfalfa roots, and effects on yield enhance nitrogen-fixing ability September '97 Consent Order allows Rhizobium meliloti RMBPC-2 (P92-0403) For additional background and followo Nov. 22, '93 - C.O. Modification for test commercialization of P92-0403 with a up information, see entries for market field trials signed; field trials not Significant New Use Notice when Research Seeds, Inc., for P92-0399 initiated. production volume reaches 500,000 through P92-0403 during FY 92, FY o Feb. 16, 94 - Agency received a request to pounds in any 12 month period 93, FY 95, and FY 97, and University change locations of the test marketing sites of Wisconsin/USEPA Office of for RMBPC-2 (P92-0403) Apr. '94 - C.O. Modification signed Research & Development entry for authorizing change of test market sites; FY95 initiated in Neb., and North & South Dakota o May 31, '94 - Agency received a request for commercialization of RMBPC-2 (P92-0403) o September '97, Consent Order allowing limited commercialization of P92-0403 signed

o Nov. 19, 1997 - Notice of Commencement

(NOC) received for P92-0403

| | Submission | | Chronology of Events | | Major Issues |
|-------------|---|--------|---|--------|---|
| No | ovo Nordisk Biochemical Industries, Inc. | | | | |
| 0 0 | P94-1475 Strain of <u>Aspergillus oryzae</u> modified to contain the gene coding for cellulase Notice of Receipt 59 FR 40577 (August 9, '94) | 0 0 | May 5, '94 - Submitted Aug. 2, '94 - Review completed. Agency took no regulatory action Oct. 6, 1994 - Notice of Commencement (NOC) received | 0 | Used in a fermentation system Cellulase to be used primarily in detergents; other potential (CBI) industrial uses exist |
| So | olvay Enzymes, Inc. | | | | |
| 0 0 0 | P94-1540 and P94-1541 Strain of <u>Bacillus licheniformis</u> modified to contain the gene coding for xylanase (P94-1540) Strain of <u>Bacillus licheniformis</u> modified to contain the gene for pullulanase (P94-1541) Notice of Receipt 59 FR 40583 (August 9, '94) | 0 0 | May 19, '94 - Submitted Aug. 16, '94 - Review completed. Agency took no regulatory action. Nov. 27, 1996 - Notice of Commencement (NOC) received for P94-1541 | 0 0 | Used in a fermentation system Xylanase to be used in the pulp and paper industry (delignification and deinking) Pullulanase to be used in the ethanol industry. |

| | Submission | | Chronology of Events | | Major Issues | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--------|--|-----|---|--|--|
| Genencor International, Inc | | | | | | | |
| 0 0 | P94-1558 Strain of E. coli K-12 modified to contain the gene coding for a desired indigo production pathway Notice of Receipt 59 FR 40583 (August 9, '94) | 0 0 | May 23, '94 - Submitted Aug. 20, '94 - Review period suspended for review of additional information submitted by company Aug. 23, '94 - Review completed. Agency took no regulatory action | 0 | Used in a fermentation system Indigo used to dye cotton for denim fabrics | | |
| Research Seeds, Inc. | | | | | | | |
| 0 0 | P92-0399 through 0403 Five strains of Rhizobium meliloti genetically engineered to contain antibiotic resistance and other genes to enhance nitrogen-fixing ability For additional background information, see Research Seeds, Inc., entries for P92-0399 through P92- 0403 during FY 92, FY 93, FY 95, and | 0 0 | Oct. '94 - Test Market field trials initiated in California for RMBPC-2 (P92-0403) Jan. '95 - Biotechnology Science Advisory Committee meeting held on commercialization request for RMBPC-2 (P92-0403) September '97, Consent Order allowing limited commercialization of P92-0403 signed | 0 0 | Environmental use Proposed field tests are to test effectiveness of strains in nodulating alfalfa roots, and effects on yield September '97 Consent Order allows commercialization of P92-0403 with a Significant New Use Notice when production volume reaches 500,000 pounds in any 12 month period | | |

o Nov. 19, 1997 - Notice of Commencement

(NOC) received for P92-0403

FY 97

| | Submission | | Chronology of Events | | Major Issues |
|--------|--|---|---|--------|--|
| Ge | enencor International, Inc. | | | | |
| 0 0 | P95-0419 Strain of Escherichia Coli K-12 organism modified to contain naphthalene dioxygenase gene cluster from Pseudomonas putida. Notice of Receipt 52 FR | 0 | Dec. '94 - Date submitted. Jan. 26, '95 - Agency review completed; no regulatory action | 0 | Used in fermentation system for manufacture of Indigo dye (same use as P94-1558) |
| Ur | niversity of Wisconsin/USEPA Office of Research and Development | | | | |
| 0 0 | P88-1118 and P92-0403 Strains of Rhizobium meliloti genetically engineered to contain antibiotic resistance and other genes to enhance nitrogen-fixing ability | 0 | Jan. 17, '95 - request received to modify Consent Order to allow use of P88-1118 and P92-0403 in conjunction with transgenic alfalfa plants at 2 sites in Oregon and Wisconsin May 4, '95 - Consent Order modification became effective | 0 0 | Environmental use The purpose of these field trials is to determine the effect of transgenic alfalfa plants on the nitrogen-fixing symbiosis with Rhizobium meliloti and soil microbiology. University of Wisconsin granted permit for the use of transgenic alfalfa plants by USDA Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service. Research Seeds, Inc., the manufacturer of Rhizobium meliloti strains P88-1118 and P92-0403, is not involved in the conduct of these field trials |

final killed product is regulated under

FIFRA as a pesticide active ingredient

Submission Chronology of Events Major Issues International TLB Research Institute 12/94 - Date submitted Environmental use P95-0459 Four strains of S. jingyangensis are 1/26/95 - Submission was declared Used as a microbial fertilizer added to Streptomyces and support a Submission was declared incomplete incomplete GN02 dinitrogen-fixer. because: the identities of the four Notice of Receipt 52 FR intergeneric microorganisms were not well addressed; the recipient organism is a species that is not recognized by the bacteriological community; and the intended production volume and concentration of organisms in application granules were not specified **Mycogen Corporation** March 30, '95 - Date submitted The PMN microorganism is a P95-1028 Submitted with P95-1029 July 5, '95 - Agency review completed. pesticide intermediate. TSCA has Related to P92-0244 through P92-Decision was to hold the company to: jurisdiction over the living 0251 and P92-0545 through P92-0552 their processing scenario, cell kill protocol, microorganism (intermediate). The

and to require monitoring of releases at the

July '95 - Consent Order effective

Commencement (NOC) received

March 22, 1996 - Notice of

scrubber

Intergeneric Pseudomonas fluorescens,

expression of the delta endotoxin of Bacillus thuringiensis which encodes

for the production of toxins selective

modified to contain genes for

Notice of Receipt 52 FR

to lepidoptera

Mycogen Corporation P95-1028 (continued)

Mycogen Corporation

- " P95-1029
- " Submitted with P95-1028
- Intergeneric <u>Pseudomonas fluorescens</u>, modified to contain genes for expression of the delta endotoxin of <u>Bacillus thuringiensis</u> which encodes for the production of toxins selective to lepidoptera
- " Notice of Receipt 52 FR ___

- " March 30, '95 Date submitted
- " Jan. '96 PMN withdrawn

" Consent Order requires that containment protocols included with the PMN submission be followed Monitoring of releases will be required; testing will be required only if the scrubber is determined to be ineffective or the company wishes to reduce containment criteria

equipment, soils, and liquids to be treated to a level of no detectable

cells prior to disposal

Submission Chronology of Events Major Issues University of Tennessee June 28, '95 - Date submitted Environmental use for *in situ* P95-1601 Pseudomonas fluorescens strain HK44 July 27, '95 - Placed into Standard Review bioremediation of polycyclic aromatic with an intrageneric naphthalene to examine the risks to human health and hydrocarbons (PAH) in soil degradation gene and intergeneric the environment associated with R&D Field trial to be conducted jointly with bioluminescent reporter gene US Dept. of Energy (DOE) Office of releases of the microorganism Notice of Receipt 52 FR ___ Aug. '95 - received additional data Health and Envr. Research Oct. '95 - Division Director's decision to Planned tests to take place in soil approve field trial and issue a Consent lysimeters at the DOE's Oak Ridge Natl. Laboratory in Oak Ridge, TN Order March '96 - Consent Order effective Concerns for human pathogenicity of Field trial initiated in October '96 the PMN microorganism were dropped since the *P. fluorescens* microorganisms are not expected to survive at body temperature (above 37° C) USDA Animal Plant and Health Inspection Services (APHIS) determined that the PMN microorganism is not a plant pathogen Consent Order requires contaminated

" P95-1601 - continued

" Consent Order limiting use of the PMN microorganism to R&D applications will remain in effect until information is submitted addressing: transfer rate of antibiotic resistance markers; production or increased persistence of toxic metabolites; and animal & plant pathogenicity

| Submission | Chronology of Events | Major Issues |
|----------------------|--|--------------|
| | No new biotechnology submissions were received; review of Research Seeds commercialization request was completed | |
| Research Seeds, Inc. | | |

- " P92-0399 through 0403
- " For additional background information, see Research Seeds, Inc., entries for P92-0399 through P92-0403 during FY 92, FY 93, FY 94 and FY 95
- o September '97, Consent Order allowing limited commercialization of P92-0403 signed
- o Nov. 19, 1997 Notice of Commencement (NOC) received for P92-0403
- " Consent Order allows commercialization of P92-0403 with a Significant New Use Notice when production volume reaches 500,000 pounds in any 12 month period